

**2020**

**AECC-1**

**COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH**

**Full Marks : 80**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

**For B.A./B.Sc. and B.Mus Honours Candidates  
and  
For B.A./B.Sc./B.Com. Major Candidates**

**Please mark the correct alternatives.**

**Group - A**

Correct the following sentences by choosing the correct alternative.

2×10

1. My brother going to Delhi tomorrow.  
(A) My brother going Delhi tomorrow. (B) My brother is go to Delhi tomorrow.  
(C) My brother is going to Delhi tomorrow. (D) My brother is gone to Delhi tomorrow.
2. Why you came late?  
(A) Why did you come late? (B) Why came you late?  
(C) Why late you came? (D) Why you coming late?
3. He already left for work.  
(A) He has already leave for work. (B) He already leave for work.  
(C) He have already left for work. (D) He has already left for work.
4. I am in hurry.  
(A) I am with hurry. (B) I am on a hurry.  
(C) I am in a hurry. (D) I am very hurry.
5. I am having a sister and a brother.  
(A) I am having a sister and brother. (B) I have a sister and brother.  
(C) I am sister and brother. (D) I have a sister and a brother.
6. John went to bought some medicines.  
(A) John went to buy some medicines. (B) John go to buy some medicines.  
(C) John went buy some medicines. (D) John went bought some medicines.

**Please Turn Over**

7. During my staying in the hotel, I ate there only once.  
(A) During my stay in the hotel, I ate there only once.  
(B) During my stay on the hotel, I ate there only once.  
(C) During my staying in the hotel, I eat there only once.  
(D) During my stay on the hotel, I eat there only once.
8. Can you try and get to the venue until 6pm?  
(A) Can you try and get the venue by 6 pm?  
(B) Can you try and to the venue at 6pm?  
(C) Can you try and get to the venue by 6 pm?  
(D) Can you try and get the venue until 6 pm?
9. He died a glory death.  
(A) He die a glory death. (B) He died a glory death.  
(C) He died a glorious death. (D) He dead a glorious death.
10. Last night you returned lately.  
(A) Last night you have returned lately. (B) Last night you lately returned.  
(C) Last night you were returned late. (D) Last night you returned late.

**Group - B**

Transform the following sentences as per instructions without changing meaning.

2×10

11. You are sometimes unwise. (Make it *negative*)  
(A) You are not always unwise. (B) You are not always wise.  
(C) You are not always wiser. (D) You are not always wisest.
12. John is writing the letters. (Change into *Passive Voice*)  
(A) The letters are written by John. (B) The letters was written by John.  
(C) The letters were written by John. (D) The letters are being written by John.
13. No other city in India is so large as Kolkata. (Change into *Affirmative sentence*)  
(A) Kolkata is the largest city in India. (B) Every city in Inida is solarge as Kolkata.  
(C) Kolkata is the larger city in India. (D) Kolkata in India largest city.
14. What a pity! (Make it *Assertive*)  
(A) It is a pity. (B) I was a pity.  
(C) It is a great pity. (D) It is great pity.

( 3 )

15. We can never forget such a character. (Make it *interrogative*)  
(A) Can we never forget such a character? (B) Can we forget such a character?  
(C) Can we never forget such character? (D) Can we ever forget such a character?
16. It is a very beautiful morning. (Make it *exclamatory*)  
(A) A beautiful morning! (B) A beautiful morning is!  
(C) What a morning! (D) What a beautiful morning it is!
17. Mount Everest is the highest peak of the world. (Change into a *comparative degree*)  
(A) Mount Everest is a high peak.  
(B) Mount Everest is higher than all other peaks of the world.  
(C) Mount Everest is the higher peak.  
(D) Mount Everest is not a high peak.
18. Having finished his work, John went home. (Make it a *compound sentence*)  
(A) John finished his work and he went home.  
(B) Having finishing his work, John went home.  
(C) John went home and finished his work.  
(D) Having finish his work, John went home.
19. Hamlet loved Ophelia. (Make it *negative*)  
(A) Hamlet was not without love for Ophelia.  
(B) Hamlet did not love Ophelia.  
(C) Hamlet does not love Ophelia.  
(D) Hamlet did love Ophelia.
20. She jumped up. She ran away. (Combine into a *simple sentence*)  
(A) She ran away by jumped up. (B) Since she jumped up, she ran away.  
(C) She ran away because she jumped up. (D) Jumping up she ran away.

**Group - C**

Read **Passage I** and **Passage II** and attempt the following questions.

**Passage I**

4×5

Environment means healthy, natural balance in the air, water, animals, plants and other natural resources. When the environment is pure all living things can live and survive in it without any hazard to their life. But today all over the world this environment is being poisoned in a number of ways. The constant rise in world population is the main reason of environmental pollution. More population means more industry. Trees are cut down for fuel and other commercial puposes. This results in full in the supply of oxygen that the trees provide. Animals and birds also lose their shelter and this destroys the balance in ecology. Measures should be taken before the situation goes out of control.

**Please Turn Over**

21. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Environment is not important for the existence of life.
  - (B) Environment has nothing to do with the existence of life.
  - (C) Environment is important for the existence of life.
  - (D) Environment unimportant for the existence of life.
22. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Cutting down of trees should be encouraged.
  - (B) Cutting down of trees should not be encouraged.
  - (C) Cutting down of trees does not destroy the balance in ecology.
  - (D) Cutting down of trees is not a hazard.
23. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Human beings suffer because of environmental pollution.
  - (B) Human beings enjoy life because of environmental pollution.
  - (C) Human beings do not suffer because of environmental pollution.
  - (D) Human beings celebrate because of environmental pollution.
24. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Measures should be taken for a healthy environment.
  - (B) Measures should not be taken for a healthy environment.
  - (C) Measures should be taken for an unhealthy environment.
  - (D) Measures should be taken for an impure environment.
25. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Birds and animals lose their shelter because of environmental pollution.
  - (B) Birds and animals do not lose their shelter because of environmental pollution.
  - (C) Birds and animals are not affected by environmental pollution.
  - (D) Birds and animals are comfortable with the environmental pollution.

**Passage II**

4×5

Once a King saw an old man planting an apple tree. He asked the old man, “Why are you planting a fruit tree when you cannot hope to see it bear fruits?” The old man replied that perhaps God willing, he might live long enough to taste the fruit of the tree and even if he himself died, his children and grand-children could surely eat the fruit. The King told him, “In any case, if you happen to live long enough to see the tree bear fruits, please do not forget to send me some.” The old man promised and fortunately he lived long enough to see the tree bear fruits. He then plucked some of the best ripened apples from the tree and carried them in a basket to the King as he had promised. The King was extremely happy to accept the gift. He also ordered that the basket of the old man be filled with gold and given back to him.

( 5 )

26. Which of the following statements is true?  
(A) The old man planted a mango tree. (B) The old man planted an apple tree.  
(C) The old man did not plant any tree. (D) The old man planted a neem tree.
27. Which of the following statements is true?  
(A) The old man lived long enough to see the tree bear fruits.  
(B) The old man did not live long enough to see the tree bear fruits.  
(C) The old man died immediately after planting the tree.  
(D) The old man died before the tree bear fruit.
28. Which of the following statements is true?  
(A) The King was unhappy and awarded gold to the old man.  
(B) The King was happy and awarded silver to the old man.  
(C) The King was unhappy and awarded silver to the old man.  
(D) The King was happy and awarded gold to the old man.
29. Which of the following statements is true?  
(A) The King was a good human being.  
(B) The King was a bad human being.  
(C) The King did not like the old man.  
(D) The King punished the old man.
30. Which of the following statements is true?  
(A) The moral of the story is 'Look at the brighter side of life.'  
(B) The moral of the story is 'Look at the darkest side of life.'  
(C) The moral of the story is 'Take life as it comes.'  
(D) The moral of the story is 'Look at both the brighter and darker sides of life.'
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